

Data Protection Policy

Policy Owner:	Data Protection Officer
Approved by:	Trust Board
Last reviewed:	December 2024
Next review due by:	December 2025

Due to the evolving nature of The CAM Academy Trust, procedures behind this Policy will be reviewed and amended accordingly to reflect changes.

At the heart of our work lie the six core principles of The CAM Academy Trust. These drive everything that we do.

principle: All our schools have a clear international emphasis in pecause it is crucial for the positive functioning of all societies.

The excellence principle: Educational provision must be excellent. Reasonable or even 'Good' is not good enough. We seek the very best education for all pupils in our schools.

Our Trust Principles

The comprehensive principle: We are clear that all pupils of all abilities and backgrounds can thrive and make excellent progress in the pupils benefit from sharing groups of pupils.

The partnership

principle: Our schools work in partnership with others for mutual benefit. The partnership principle goes beyond the Trust and our schools as there is benefit to all in doing this.

The

community principle: Our schools are at the heart of their communities. This is characterised by the 'Henry Morris' vision for schools. Our schools provide value to their communities providing facilities and services available to all. We prioritise the wellbeing of members of our community, including our staff.

education principle: We offer a broad educational experience. This includes strong provision of the arts, sport and citizenship for every pupil as core to educational provision.

The Cam Academy Trust aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the <u>General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)</u> and the expected provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) as set out in the <u>Data Protection Bill.</u>

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR 2018. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the <u>GDPR</u> and the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> <u>for subject access requests</u>.

It meets the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u> when referring to our use of biometric data.

It also reflects the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

In addition, this policy complies with regulation 5 of the <u>Education (Pupil Information)</u> (<u>England</u>) <u>Regulations 2005</u>, which gives parents the right of access to their child's educational record.

In addition, this policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

Definitions

Term	Definition
Personal data	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual.
	This may include the individual's:
	Name (including initials)
	Identification number
	Location data
	Online identifier, such as a username
	It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural, or social identity.
Special categories of personal data	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's:
	Racial or ethnic origin
	Political opinions
	 Religious or philosophical beliefs
	Trade union membership

	Genetics
	 Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes
	Health – physical or mental
	Sex life or sexual orientation
Processing	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying.
	Processing can be automated or manual.
Data subject	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
Date processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.

The data controller

The Cam Academy Trust processes personal data relating to parents, pupils, staff, governors, visitors, and others, and therefore is a data controller.

The Trust, and each school, is registered with the ICO under the registration of The Cam Academy Trust. The Trust will renew the registration annually or as otherwise legally required.

Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to all staff employed by the Trust and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

Data protection officer

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

They will provide an annual report of their activities directly to the governing board and, where relevant, report to the board their advice and recommendations on Trust data protection issues.

Full details of the DPO's responsibilities are set out in their job description.

Our DPO is Carolyn Ducket and is contactable via email: cducket@catrust.co.uk

Data Protection Lead

The Data Protection Lead (DPL) is the first point of contact at an individual schools, for data subjects to contact with regards to the processing of their personal data.

Principal

The principal of each school within the Trust acts as the representative of the data controller on a day to-day basis.

All staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing, and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Contacting the DPO in the following circumstances:
 - With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
 - If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
 - If they are unsure whether or not, they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
 - If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area
 - If there has been a data breach
 - Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
 - If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties

Data protection principles

The GDPR is based on data protection principles that all schools within the Trust must comply with. The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed

• Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

Collecting personal data

Lawfulness, fairness and transparency

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- The data needs to be processed so that the school can comply with a legal obligation
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life
- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task **in the public interest**, and carry out its official functions
- The data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the school or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear **consent**

For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing which are set out in the GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018. If we offer online services to pupils, that are not considered necessary for educational purposes we intend to rely on consent as a basis for processing. (except for online counselling and preventive services).

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law.

Limitation, minimisation, and accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so and seek consent where necessary. Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary to do their jobs.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the school's record retention management policy, which refers to the *Information and Records Management Society's toolkit for schools*

Sharing personal data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else, but may do so where:

- There is an issue with a pupil, parent/carer or visitor that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- We need to liaise with other agencies as part of our legal obligation -
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and pupils for example, IT companies. When doing this, we will:
 - Only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with data protection law
 - Establish a data sharing agreement with the supplier or contractor, either in the contract, as a standalone agreement or a GDPR compliant privacy notice, to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
 - Only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so, including for:

- The prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud
- The apprehension or prosecution of offenders
- The assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC
- In connection with legal proceedings
- Where the disclosure is required to satisfy our safeguarding obligations
- Research and statistical purposes, as long as personal data is sufficiently anonymised, or consent has been provided

We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency that affects any of our pupils or staff.

If we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Artificial intelligence (AI) is a rapidly developing area with AI tools now being widespread and easy to access. Staff, pupils and parents/carers may be familiar with generative chatbots such as ChatGPT and Google Bard. The Cam Academy Trust recognises that AI has many uses to help pupils learn, but also poses risks to sensitive and personal data. To ensure that personal and sensitive data remains secure, no one will be permitted to enter such data into unauthorised generative AI tools or chatbots.

If personal and/or sensitive data is entered into an unauthorised generative AI tool, The Cam Academy Trust will treat this as a data breach and will follow the personal data breach procedure.

More information about the use of AI can be found in the Trust AI policy.

Subject access requests and other rights of individuals

Subject access requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual

Subject access requests can be submitted in writing, either by letter, email or fax, in person or by telephone.

They should include:

- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

If staff receive a subject access request, they must immediately notify the data protection lead in their school, who will notify the trust DPO of the request with the action they will follow to comply with the request.

Children and subject access requests

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request or have given their consent.

Children aged 12 and above are generally regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, some subject access requests from parents or carers of pupils at our schools may not be granted without the express permission of the pupil. This is not a rule and a pupil's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

Responding to subject access requests

When responding to requests, we:

- May ask the individual to provide identification (This identification may be photo identification where the person making the request is not known to the Trust and identification of parental responsibility where the parent is making the request on behalf of their child. We may request that this identification is brought in person to a school within the Trust).
- May contact the individual via telephone to confirm the request was made

- Will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- Will provide the information free of charge
- Where a request is complex or numerous the time to respond may be extended by up to 2 months. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension is necessary.
- We will not disclose information if it:
 - Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
 - Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
 - o Is contained in adoption or parental order records
 - Is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which considers administrative costs.

A request will be deemed to be unfounded or excessive if it is repetitive or asks for further copies of the same information.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

Other data protection rights of the individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it, individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time (Please note when we receive notification of withdrawal of consent we will stop the processing of such data, however if personal data has already been processed we may not be able to remove that data e.g. photos put on a social media site, we can withdraw the photo from our site but if this has been shared we cannot trace that data. Photos in a school prospectus are circulated across the trust schools for the life of the prospectus).
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the European Economic Area
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the school. When staff receive such a request, they must immediately notify the DPO of the action taken.

Parental requests to see the educational record

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, in academies do not have e a legal/automatic right to access to their child's educational record but you may choose to provide this. If you receive such a request, explain the school's approach, explain whether charges apply, and explain how parents can make a request.

Biometric recognition systems

Where schools within the Trust use pupils' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system (for example, pupils use points of finger print to receive school dinners instead of paying with cash, we will comply with the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u>.

Parents/carers will be notified before any biometric recognition system is put in place or before their child first takes part in it. The school will get written consent from at least one parent or carer before we take any biometric data from their child.

Parents/carers and pupils have the right to choose not to use the school's biometric system(s). We will provide alternative means of accessing the relevant services for those pupils. For example, pupils can give their name to the staff in the canteen to locate the student's lunch account.

Parents/carers and pupils can object to participation in the school's biometric recognition system(s), or withdraw consent, at any time, and we will make sure that any relevant data already captured is deleted.

As required by law, if a pupil refuses to participate in, or continue to participate in, the processing of their biometric data, we will not process that data irrespective of any consent given by the pupil's parent(s)/carer(s).

Where staff members or other adults use the school's biometric system(s), we will also obtain their consent before they first take part in it and provide alternative means of accessing the relevant service if they object. Staff and other adults can also withdraw consent at any time, and the school will delete any relevant data already captured.

ССТУ

We use CCTV in various locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. We will adhere to the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system in the first instants, should be directed to the nominated person or the general office at the school which the enquiry is about.

Photographs and videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers, or pupils aged 18 and over, for photographs and videos to be taken of pupils for communication, marketing and promotional materials.

Where we need parental consent, we will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to both the parent/carer and pupil. Where we don't need parental consent, we will clearly explain to the pupil how the photograph and/or video will be used.

Uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages
- Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video so it cannot be used again. (Please note when we receive notification of
- withdrawal of consent we will stop the processing of such data, however if personal data has already been processed, we may not be able to remove that data eg photos put on a social media site, we can withdraw the photo from our site but if this has been shared we cannot trace that data. Photos in a school prospectus are circulated across the trust schools for the life of the prospectus).

Any use of your information before consent is withdrawn remains valid.

Data protection by design and default

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process)
- Integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- Regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:

- For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
- For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, how and why we are storing the data, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure

Data security and storage of records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.

In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data are kept under lock and key when not in use.
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, pinned to notice/display boards, or left anywhere else where there is general access.
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must ensure it is kept securely by keeping it in a locked case/holder or if on an electronic device i.e. laptops/iPads/phones/tablets, that it is encrypted or password protected.
- Passwords that are at least 8 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops, and other electronic devices. Staff and pupils are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals.
- Staff, pupils, or governors who store personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment (see our online safety policy/ICT policy/acceptable use agreement/policy on acceptable use)
- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8)

Disposal of records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred paper-based records, and delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.

Personal data breaches

The school will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches. In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1.

When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours. Such breaches in a school context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of pupils eligible for the pupil premium
- Safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about pupils

Training

All staff and governors are provided with data protection training as part of their induction process.

Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

Monitoring arrangements

The DPO is responsible for monitoring and reviewing this policy.

This policy will be reviewed and updated if any changes are made to GDPR 2018. Otherwise, or from then on, this policy will be reviewed every year.

Links with other policies

This data protection policy is linked to the:

- ICT (acceptable use of)
- IT policy and E safety
- Student (acceptable use)
- Staff IT (acceptable use)
- Privacy Notices
- Safeguarding
- Freedom of information
- CCTV
- Records retention

Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on guidance on personal data breaches produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the data protection lead (DPL) for the school.
- The DPL will investigate the report and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the DPL will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
 - o Lost, Stolen, Destroyed, Altered
 - Disclosed or made available where it should not have been o Made available to unauthorised people

The DPL will alert the head teacher and the Trust data protection officer (DPO).

- The DPL will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by relevant staff members or data processors where necessary. (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this procedure)
- The DPL will assess the potential consequences, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen
- The DPL and the Head teacher will decide whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a case-by-case basis. To decide, the DPL will consider whether the breach is likely to negatively affect people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g. emotional distress), including through:
 - o Loss of control over their data o Discrimination
 - Identify theft or fraud/financial loss
 - Unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, key-coding)
 - Damage to reputation o Loss of confidentiality
 - Any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned

If it's likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the DPL must notify the ICO.

- The DPL will document the decision (either way), in case it is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are recorded on the Trust's GDPR online platform GDPR Sentry.
- Where the ICO must be notified, the DPL will do this within 72 hours by downloading the report from the Sentry system and sending to the ICO. As required, this report will set out:
 - A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
 - > The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
 - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
 - > The name and contact details of the DPL and the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned

- If all the above details are not yet known, the DPL will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why, and when the DPL expects to have further information. The DPL will submit the remaining information as soon as possible
- The DPL and Head teacher will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the DPL will promptly inform, in writing, all individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- The DPL will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies
- The DPL will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
 - Facts and cause
 - o Effects
 - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)

Records of all breaches will be stored on the Trust's online platform GDPR Sentry.

• The DPL and head teacher will review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening again. This review will be recorded within GDPR Sentry

Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches

We will take the actions as required to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

For example:-

Sensitive information being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)

- If special category data (sensitive information) is accidentally made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and the DPO as soon as they become aware of the error
- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the DPL will ask the ICT department to recall it
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful, the sender or the DPL will contact the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explain that the information

was sent in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or replicate it in any way

- The sender or DPL will ensure we receive a response from all the individuals who received the data, confirming that they have complied with this request
- The DPL will carry out an internet search to check that the information has not been made public; if it has, we will contact the publisher/website owner or administrator to request that the information is removed from their website and deleted